

Guide to Completing a Prior Authorization

Indication for Cataplexy or EDS in Narcolepsy

Having the right information before completing a prior authorization (PA) may help healthcare providers navigate the process and avoid delays. This guide highlights:

- ➔ Most common PA criteria for the cataplexy or excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) in narcolepsy indication for XYWAV[®] (calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sodium oxybates) oral solution, CIII, 0.5 g/mL total salts (equivalent to 0.413 g/mL of oxybate), by large national health plans^a
- ➔ The PA appeals process

^aSpecific PA criteria may vary by health plan. The criteria on page 2 are not required by all health plans, and some health plans require additional information. Please refer to the health plan's specific criteria, or contact the health plan for additional information.

Indications and Usage

XYWAV is indicated for the treatment of cataplexy or EDS in patients 7 years of age and older with narcolepsy.

Important Safety Information

WARNING: CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION and ABUSE AND MISUSE.

• Central Nervous System Depression

XYWAV is a CNS depressant. Clinically significant respiratory depression and obtundation may occur in patients treated with XYWAV at recommended doses. Many patients who received XYWAV during clinical trials in narcolepsy were receiving CNS stimulants.

• Abuse and Misuse

The active moiety of XYWAV is oxybate or gamma-hydroxybutyrate (GHB). Abuse or misuse of illicit GHB, either alone or in combination with other CNS depressants, is associated with CNS adverse reactions, including seizure, respiratory depression, decreases in the level of consciousness, coma, and death.

Because of the risks of CNS depression and abuse and misuse, XYWAV is available only through a restricted program under a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) called the XYWAV and XYREM REMS.

Contraindications

XYWAV is contraindicated in combination with sedative hypnotics or alcohol and in patients with succinic semialdehyde dehydrogenase deficiency.

Common policy criteria required by national health plans for the cataplexy or EDS in narcolepsy indication for XYWAV:

- Documented EDS for 3 months or longer¹
- A diagnosis that meets the diagnostic criteria for narcolepsy with cataplexy (type 1) or without cataplexy (type 2) according to AASM ICSD-3 guidelines¹⁻³
- A diagnosis that is confirmed by an overnight PSG followed by MSLT the next day. Results must show mean sleep latency of ≤ 8 minutes AND ≥ 2 SOREMPs on the MSLT. A SOREMP (within 15 minutes of sleep onset) on the overnight PSG may replace one of the SOREMPs on the MSLT¹
- An inadequate response or intolerance to a wake promoting agent (eg, modafinil, armodafinil, solriamfetol, or pitolisant) AND stimulant (eg, methylphenidate, amphetamines, dextroamphetamine)^{1,4}
- A medication history of inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to TCA, SSRIs, or venlafaxine (requested by some plans, not all)⁵
- Patient is enrolled in the XYWAV and XYREM REMS¹

Reauthorization Criteria

Treatment with XYWAV can be continued if your patient has demonstrated a reduction in^{1,6}:

- Frequency of cataplexy attacks
- Baseline symptoms of EDS

When submitting a PA at initial fill, or a reauthorization request, it is important to include documentation that the patient has met the diagnostic criteria (eg, chart notes from treating healthcare provider, lab or test results). At reauthorization, some health plans may also review test results for evidence of symptomatic improvement.^{1,4,5}

Did you still receive a denial? Please see the next page for more information about appeals.

AASM=American Academy of Sleep Medicine; ICSD-3=International Classification of Sleep Disorders, 3rd Edition; MSLT=Multiple Sleep Latency Test; PSG=polysomnography; REMS=Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy; SOREMPs=sleep-onset rapid eye movement periods; SSRIs=selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors; TCA=tricyclic antidepressants.

Important Safety Information (cont.)

Warnings and Precautions

- CNS Depression: Use caution when considering the concurrent use with other CNS depressants. If concurrent use is required, consider dose reduction or discontinuation of one or more CNS depressants (including XYWAV). Consider interrupting XYWAV treatment if short-term opioid use is required. After first initiating treatment and until certain that XYWAV does not affect them adversely, caution patients against hazardous activities requiring complete mental alertness or motor coordination such as operating hazardous machinery, including automobiles or airplanes. Also caution patients against these hazardous activities for at least 6 hours after taking XYWAV. Patients should be queried about CNS depression-related events upon initiation of XYWAV therapy and periodically thereafter.

Even if a PA is denied, your patient may still be able to access the medicine they need. In many cases, the health plan might simply need additional information before approving XYWAV.

3 LEVELS OF APPEAL

- 1 Reconsideration:** Health plan denies claim based on clinical or policy-related reasons.⁷
Response: Often requires HCP's office to send additional clinical information^b or have a discussion with a board-certified peer appointed by the payer; a letter of medical necessity may also be required.
- 2 Medical Director Review:** Proof is needed to show the request should be accepted within the coverage guidelines.⁷
Response: A medical director of the patient's health plan who was not involved in the claim decision conducts a review.
- 3 Independent External Review:** Reconsideration does not result in approval.⁷
Response: HCP's office requests an independent, third-party review in collaboration with a physician who is board-certified in the same specialty as the patient's HCP.

RESPONDING TO A DENIAL IN 3 STEPS

- 1 First, find out why the health insurance claim was denied⁸**
 - Review the health plan's explanation of benefits and medical policy guidelines⁸
 - Have the PA approval criteria been met?^{1, 4-6}
 - Have required documents been provided (eg, test results [eg, PSG, MSLT], prior medications tried/failed, office notes)?^{1, 3, 5, 6}
- 2 Next, contact the health plan to determine the number of days within which an appeal must be submitted⁹**
 - The deadline to appeal is usually 30, 60, or 180 days after receiving the denial
- 3 Finally, keep the original documents and submit copies to the patient's health plan⁹**
 - At the end of the appeals process, the health plan must provide a written decision

^bConsider including information such as blood pressure readings, history of cardiovascular issues, or history of hypertension, if applicable to the patient.

HCP=healthcare provider.

Important Safety Information (cont.)

Warnings and Precautions (cont.)

- Abuse and Misuse:** XYWAV is a Schedule III controlled substance. The rapid onset of sedation, coupled with the amnestic features of GHB, particularly when combined with alcohol, has proven to be dangerous for the voluntary and involuntary user (eg, assault victim).
- Respiratory Depression and Sleep-Disordered Breathing:** XYWAV may impair respiratory drive, especially in patients with compromised respiratory function. In overdoses of oxybate and with illicit use of GHB, life-threatening respiratory depression has been reported. Increased apnea and reduced oxygenation may occur with XYWAV administration in adult and pediatric patients. A significant increase in the number of central apneas and clinically significant oxygen desaturation may occur in patients with obstructive sleep apnea treated with XYWAV. Prescribers should be aware that sleep-related breathing disorders tend to be more prevalent in obese patients, in men, in postmenopausal women not on hormone replacement therapy, and among patients with narcolepsy.

If you require additional assistance or information, please contact your Jazz Access and Reimbursement Manager. You can also call a Reimbursement Specialist with the Certified Pharmacy at 1-866-997-3688.

Important Safety Information (cont.)

Warnings and Precautions (cont.)

- Depression and Suicidality: In Study 1, the pivotal clinical trial in adult patients with narcolepsy (n=201), depression and depressed mood were reported in patients treated with XYWAV. In most cases, no change in XYWAV treatment was required. Two suicides and two attempted suicides occurred in adult clinical trials with oxybate (same active moiety as XYWAV). One patient experienced suicidal ideation and two patients reported depression in a pediatric clinical trial with oxybate. Monitor patients for the emergence of increased depressive symptoms and/or suicidality while taking XYWAV, which require careful and immediate evaluation.
- Other Behavioral or Psychiatric Adverse Reactions: Monitor patients for impaired motor/cognitive function or the emergence of or increase in anxiety and/or confusion. The emergence or increase in the occurrence of behavioral or psychiatric events in patients taking XYWAV should be carefully monitored.
- Parasomnias: In pivotal clinical trials, parasomnias including sleepwalking were reported in adult patients treated with XYWAV. Parasomnias, including sleepwalking, also have been reported in a pediatric clinical trial with sodium oxybate (same active moiety as XYWAV) and in postmarketing experience with sodium oxybate. Episodes of sleepwalking should be fully evaluated and appropriate interventions considered.

Most Common Adverse Reactions

In Study 1, the most common adverse reactions (incidence $\geq 5\%$ of XYWAV-treated patients) were headache, nausea, dizziness, decreased appetite, parasomnia, diarrhea, hyperhidrosis, anxiety, and vomiting.

In the pediatric clinical trial with XYREM (same active moiety as XYWAV) in patients 7 years of age and older with narcolepsy, the most common adverse reactions ($\geq 5\%$) were nausea (20%), enuresis (19%), vomiting (18%), headache (17%), weight decreased (13%), decreased appetite (9%), dizziness (8%), and sleepwalking (6%). The safety profile in pediatric patients with XYWAV is expected to be similar to that of adult patients treated with XYWAV and to that of pediatric patients treated with XYREM.

Please see accompanying full Prescribing Information, including BOXED Warning, or click [here](#) for full PI.

For more information on XYWAV, visit www.xywavhcp.com.

References: **1.** UnitedHealthcare Pharmacy clinical pharmacy programs. UnitedHealthcare website. <https://www.uhcprovider.com/content/dam/provider/docs/public/policies/index/oxford-pbm/mn-xywav.pdf>. Updated March 1, 2021. Accessed October 18, 2021. **2.** Drug and biologic coverage policy. Oxybate. Cigna website. https://static.cigna.com/assets/chcp/pdf/coveragePolicies/pharmacy/ip_0103_coveragepositioncriteria_oxybate.pdf. Accessed November 5, 2021. **3.** American Academy of Sleep Medicine. *International Classification of Sleep Disorders*, 3rd ed. 2014. **4.** Specialty pharmacy clinical policy bulletins. Subject: XYWAV. Aetna website. https://www.aetna.com/products/rxnonmedicare/data/2021/Destination/Xywav_4045-A_SGM_P2020.html. Updated June 2, 2021. Accessed October 18, 2021. **5.** Oxybate prior authorization request. Prime Therapeutics website. https://www.myprime.com/content/dam/prime/memberportal/forms/AuthorForms/BCBSND/Commercial/ND_Oxybate_PA.pdf. Updated April 2, 2021. Accessed October 18, 2021. **6.** Pharmacy policy bulletin. Xyrem and Xywav. Highmark website. <https://secure.highmark.com/ldap/pharmacy-policy/highmark/printerfriendly/J-0565-005.html>. Updated November 27, 2020. Accessed October 18, 2021. **7.** A patient's guide to navigating the insurance appeals process. Cystic Fibrosis Foundation website. <https://www.cff.org/Assistance-Services/How-Compass-Helps-People-With-CF-and-Their-Families/Understanding-Insurance/Your-Insurance-Plan/A-Patient-s-Guide-to-Navigating-the-Insurance-Appeals-Process.pdf>. Accessed October 18, 2021. **8.** Sarmah-Hightower S. Tips for appealing a denied health insurance claim. Insurance.com website. <https://www.insurance.com/health-insurance/coverage/appeal-a-health-insurance-claim-denial.html>. Posted July 12, 2021. Accessed October 18, 2021. **9.** Internal appeals. Healthcare.gov website. <https://www.healthcare.gov/appeal-insurance-company-decision/internal-appeals/>. Accessed October 18, 2021.

XYWAV is a registered trademark of Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Inc.